



Wares at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD

at the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.

Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.—All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
purchased at the lowest limitation
prices.

P. C. Marsteller, v. M.

Cotton and Stewart

Have just published their

ALMANAC for 1859.

Containing a great deal of useful and enter-
taining matter. For sale by the thousand,
gross, or single one.

They will publish, with all possible speed,

A new Novel, by Mrs. Plunkett, (late
Miss Gunning) entitled

The Exile of Erin.

October 6.

Just Published,

For sale at the Subscribers Book Store,

THE LAWYER;

OR,

Man as he ought not to be.

Nearly bound in boards, and lettered—price
one dollar.

ALMANAC'S

for the year 1859, by the gross, dozen, or
single one.

Just Received,

A large supply of **PLAYING CARDS &
WRAPPING PAPER.**

Dr. Ree's Cyclopaedia;

No. 16, is received, and No. 17, is expected
in a few days.

Subscribers are earnestly requested to send
for their copies, especially those who have
received but a few numbers: 'tis much easier
to pay for one or two numbers at a time, than
to pay for ten or fifteen.

ROBERT GRAY.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber proposes to practice *Phys-
ick and Surgery*, for which purpose he has
opened a Shop on the north side of King be-
tween Washington and St. Asaph streets.—
If he should at any time not be at this Shop,
he will be found at his *Residence*, on Prince-
street, who will in his absence attend those
who may please to call on him.

Archibald B. Dick.

December 8.

City Tavern and Hotel,

ALEXANDRIA:

AT THE SIGN OF THE GRATES.

WILLIAM CATON,

From the City of Annapolis, (Maryland)

RESPECTFULLY informs his FRIENDS
and the public in general, that he has
taken that justly celebrated INN, in this city,
called **THE CITY TAVERN and HOTEL**,
lately in the possession of Mr. John Gadsby.
He hopes, by assiduity and attention, to give
the greatest satisfaction to every person, as
no exertions on his part shall be wanted to
keep up the high character which this Ta-
vern has, as being one of the best in the Uni-
ted States, and assures them that he will always
have an assortment of the best liquors and
waiters.

Travellers and others will meet with good
accommodations at the above house, on rea-
sonable terms.

Boarders are taken by the day, week,
month or year.

The papers from all the sea-ports on
the continent are regularly taken and filed at
the Coffee-House, adjoining the tavern, and
are for the use of strangers.

Suppers can be had from six to twelve
o'clock in the evening, at a short notice,
from one to twenty.

November 15.

NOTICE.

LOST or MISLAID three Certificates
for three Shares in the Capital Stock of the
Little River Turnpike Company—Numbers
310, 311, and 312, issued to me—for the
renewal of which application will be made to
the President and Directors of said Compa-
ny on the 20th day of January, 1859.

Richard Bland Lee.

December 12.

Jaww

**Washington and Alexandria Turn-
pike Company.**

THE Stockholders of the Washington and
Alexandria Turnpike Company, do hereby
notify that the *fifth* and *last* instal-
ment of **TEN DOLLARS** on each share
called for by the President and Directors
of the said company, is required to be paid
to Charles Page, Treasurer, in Alexandria, on
or before the 20th day of January next, agree-
able to an act of Congress, entitled, "an act for
the establishment of a Turnpike Company in the
District of Columbia."

By order of the Directors,

G. DENEALE, President

December 26

13t

Negroes for Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust, from JAMES
D. MOORE, for certain purposes therein set
forth, the subscriber will sell for ready mo-
ney, at his ferry opposite Alexandria, on
TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next,
at 12 o'clock of day; if not, the next fair
day—**SEVEN VERY VALUABLE NE-
GROES**, viz: One man, about 26 years of
age, two girls, two boys, and two girls.

William Marbury.

Blue Plains, Dec. 20—24.

dt

JOHN G. LADD,

Has for Sale,

30 bales German Linens, consist-
ing of brown and white Rods, flaxen Ostr-
burgs, hempen Ticklenburghs, Buflaps, in
Checks and Stripes.

1000 pieces Nankeen

Russian Sheetting and Duck

1 bale Writing Paper

50 bags of Black Pepper of the best

quality, and will be sold very low

Sugars and Coffee

40 hds Molasses

1 pipe port Wine

10 do. Holland Gin

5 do. French Brandy

7 do. Jamaica Spirits.

A quantity of seal Leather, Shoes, Sper-
maceti and Tallow Candles, Cheese, &c. &c.

and 7

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,

Has Received,

100 half boxes Roufett's CI-
GAR, warranted of the very first quality,
and full contents.

Real Maccouba Snuff,

Rappado Coarse and Fine,

20 boxes fresh MUSTARD,

20 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1st

and 2d quality.

—HE HAS ALSO,

A General Assortment as usual,
of good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE-
RIES, for sale.

December 21.

The Charitable Marine Society

Lottery,

Recommences drawing on the 9th next month.

TICKETS & SHARES,

FOR SALE AT

R. GRAY'S BOOKSTORE.

THERE has been eight days drawing in
this Lottery, and the wheel has gained \$534
dollars, and no higher prize has been drawn
than 300 dollars.

TICKETS,

FOR SALE AS ABOVE, IN THE

Black River Lottery, No. 2,

The scheme of which contains

1 Prize of \$30,000

1 of 20,000

2 of 10,000

Present price of Tickets, \$2 1/2.

December 29.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of LAND, containing 272 acres
situate in the county of Lancaster, (Virginia),
on the main road leading from Richmond to
Lancaster court house, five miles from the
latter and four miles from Deep Creek, on the
Rappahannock. The improvements are a
good dwelling house, kitchen, smoke house,
corn house, a large barn and store house, all
new, and a handsome apple orchard of about
300 trees. Upwards of 200 acres of the a-
bove land is well timbered with oak, chestnut
and hickory. The terms will be made known
by applying to Mr. P. Triplett, of Alexan-
dria, or to the subscriber adjoining this
place.

Edmund Denney.

Centreville, Oct. 15—(17)

lay

NOTICE.

The subscriber informs the public, that he
manufactures and has for sale, at his manu-
factory corner of Prince and Fairfax streets.
STILLS of all sizes, commonly used for
stillling grain or fruit.

A general assortment of **TIN WARE.**

SHEET-IRON STOVES and **STOVE**

PES made at the shortest notice.

Every kind of **PLUMMING WORK** ei-
ther for *Ships* or *Buildings*, done in the best
manner.

The **BRASS FOUNDRY BUSINESS**

all its branches is carried on under the di-
rection of Mr. **WILLIAM FLETCHER**,
who has had many years experience, and as a
workman is exceeded by few.—As the Brass-
foundry business is a partnership, application
must be made to William Fletcher, who will
undertake to make **GRATES** handsomely
ornamented with Brass, agreeable to any pat-
tern or price, and will execute the work in the
very best and neatest manner and on the most
reasonable terms.

The highest price given for *Old Copper*,
Brass, *Pewter*, *Lead* and *Iron*.

George M'Munn.

October 13.

JUST RECEIVED

For Sale at R. GRAY'S Book-Store, King-
Street;

THE POWER OF RELIGION,

On the mind, in retirement, affliction and at
the approach of death.

Exemplified in the testimonies and experi-
ence of persons, distinguished by their great-
ness, learning or virtue.

" 'Tis Immortality—'tis that alone

" Amidst life's pains, abasements, empti-
ness,

" The Soul can comfort, elevate and fill."

YOUNG.

By **LINDLEY MURRAY.**

From the thirteenth English edition, enlarg-
ed and improved by the Author.

Price handsomely bound and lettered, 1 dollar.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE ABOVE WORK.

" We have had frequent occasion to speak
of the diligence, good sense, and good inten-
tions, of Mr. Murray; and we congratulate
him sincerely on the success of this particular
work. We announce this edition, because the
alterations and additions are so considerable,
that it is rendered almost a new work."

British Critic, July 1801.

" The examples which Mr. Murray has here
selected, and the judicious reflections which
accompany them, are such as can scarcely fail
to make the best impressions, and to produce
the best effects, on all who read them with at-
tention. The present edition of this excel-
lent publication, which has been long known
and commended, is enlarged by the addition
of twenty-two new characters, filling nearly
one hundred pages."

Anti-Jacobin Review, Jan. 1804.

" We have received the tenth and last edi-
tion of this valuable work. The improve-
ments made in it, will appear from the author's
advertisement. We can only add to this ac-
count of the present useful volume, our hope
that it will be extensively circulated among
our countrymen."

The American Review & Literary Journal,

for July, August & September, 1801.

" On reviewing this book, in its improved
form, we find the facts unquestionable and
highly interesting—the style correct and neat
—and the general tendency of the work such
as induces us strongly to recommend it, espe-
cially to young readers, who love entertain-
ment mingled with instruction."

Evangelical Magazine, Oct. 1801.

" The rapid sale of this small but valuable
collection, has anticipated the commendation
we are desirous to bestow. In an exemplifi-
cation of more than seventy remarkable char-
acters, many striking examples are exhibited
which, in the quiet hour of reflection, man
contribute to arrest the careless and wander-
ing; to animate the sincere and virtuous; and
to convince or discountenance those who have
been unhappily led to oppose the highest
truths."

Gentleman's Magazine, Nov. 1803.

Goldsmith's Grammar of Geography.
Pike's Arithmetic, large and small.

Hymns and Spiritual Songs.
School Bibles and Testaments, Spelling-
Book, Primers, Bonnet-Boards Writing-
Paper.

Also,

The 17th number Dr. Ree's new Cyclope-
dia.

October 20.

Grocery Store.

I WISH to inform my friends, and the
public in general, that I keep a **GROCERY**
STORE in Alexandria, on the corner of Duke
and St. Asaph streets, in the house lately oc-
cupied by Dennis Foley.—Also, a good sta-
ble for horses—and Lodging and Boarding,
and good Entertainment for Travellers.

Edward H. Jacobs.

December 31.

d6t

PORTER.

Five barrels was received in March last,
per the *Good Intent*, Captain STEWART, from
Boston.—Any person authorised and will
pay the expences on the same, may receive
it on application to

Faxon, Metcalf & Co.

Who have for sale,

6 hds. 21 quality Muscovado Sugar.

10 pipes Holland's Gin.

6 do. French Brandy.

100 boxes Mould Candles.

100 do. Dipt do

100 do. Brown Soap.

100 half do. do

20 barrels Boston Beef.

360 wt. Hops—growth 1808.

10 half barrels Mackarel.

30 boxes Chocolate.

4000 lbs. Sheathing Paper.

500 reams Wrapping do.

100 do. Writing do.

50 do. Letter do.

2 boxes Ladies' fashionable Straw Bon-
nets, and a gen. assortment Shoes,

December 29.

ed2w

FOR SALE.

40 Shares of Potomac Bridge Stock.
10 do. Alexandria and Washington Road
ditto.

3 do. Little River Turnpike Road do.

24 do. Marine Insurance do.

Belonging to the estate of John Watts.

R. I. Taylor, Ex'r.

October 4.

edtf

JOHN BAGGETT,

AN Apprentice to the subscribers, ab-
sconded from their service about the
10th inst. **ONE CENT** reward will be given
to any person, who will bring him back, but
no charges.

M. & J. Janney.

12th mo. 21.

3t

**WASHINGTON AND ALEXANDRIA
TURNPIKE COMPANY.**

NOTICE is hereby given, That an annual
meeting of the Stockholders will be
held on the first Monday in January next, a-
greeably to the act authorising "the estab-
lishment of a Turnpike Company in the coun-
ty of Alexandria, in the district of Colum-
bia;" at Caton's tavern, at 4 o'clock, P. M.
By order of the President and Directors,
JOHN HOFFE, Clerk pro tem.

December 28.

5t

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria,
THAT an election will be held at the court
house in this town, on the third Monday in
January next, for the purpose of choosing nine
Directors for the ensuing year agreeably to
charter.

By order of the President and Directors.

Gurden Chapin, Cashier.

December 19

Mr. Green, Printer, Fredericksburg, Mr.
Heiskell, Printer, Winchester; and Mr. Da-
vis, Printer, Richmond, are requested to in-
sert the above advertisement until the e-
lection.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

LEFT the service of the subscriber on
Friday last, a Negro slave, named **DAN-
DRIDGE**.—He is about 25 years of age, 5
feet 10 inches high, of a stout strong form,
has a small scar over one of his eyes, and in-
clines rather to be corpulent—his complexion
is between a black and a mulatto—he had on
when he went away a white hat, a brown coat,
and brown velvet pantaloons, but he had
many other cloths it is probable he will
change his dress. Dandridge was brought up
as an house servant, and in that capacity he
is excelled by few. He has a wife Alex-
andria, and it is probable he is lurking some-
where about the town. Whoever will bring
him to the subscriber or commit him to jail,
if taken in town, shall receive **Twenty Dollars**, if
taken out of town the above reward.

Thos. Swann.

December 24

CONGRESS.

Senate of the United States.

THURSDAY, November 24.

EMBARGO.

DEBATE on Mr. Hillhouse's motion for a
repeal.
[CONTINUED.]

(Mr. Giles's Speech continued.)

That this is the true character of the British orders and acts of parliament, we not only know from the measures themselves, but we know it was so understood, in the British parliament, at the time of their adoption. As an evidence of this fact, let me call your most serious attention, sir, to some of the observations made in Parliament, at the time of their adoption, particularly the observations of Lord Grenville in the house of lords.

His lordship said, "as to the duties proposed to be levied under these orders of council, he should only say, that when the peace of 1782 took place, he never thought he should have lived, or that the British parliament should have lived to see the day when a proposition should be made to tax America!" And when a similar suggestion was made in the house of Commons, what was Mr. Canning's reply? Did he deny the object? No, sir: But begged the gentlemen in the opposition not to tell the secret to the Americans! Hush, gentlemen, was, in substance, his reply. Thus adding ignominy and insult to the arrogant pretension. Upon this part of the subject I shall make no comment! It is impossible to improve the eloquence of this parliamentary language! It must strike deep into the heart of every true American!!

The gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. Hillhouse) says no tribute will be paid, because there will be no inducement to pay it. France will not receive vessels into her ports, which have submitted to such a disgrace. It is admitted that the tribute is imposed; and to avoid the payment of it, we are to look to France: to give up our national character and our national honor to the safe keeping of the French emperor. [The gentleman rose to explain. He protested against making any such inference.] This was admitted. He only stated the facts and I supplied the inference. The inference from the facts I deem irresistible. I despise, sir, this miserable subterfuge. Let us act like a nation of freemen—Let us be the conservators of our own honor and character. We should be the gainers by it upon the most economical calculation, in pounds, shillings and pence. Our national character is now worth more than the delusive gains held out by this miserable commerce, and would sell for more in every market: submit to this disgraceful tribute, it would not be worth a cent, and would not sell for it in any market.

The gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. Hillhouse) says, that the embargo is submission to the mandates of both France and Great Britain, and therefore dishonorable. He makes this statement—France says you shall not trade with G. Britain—G. Britain says you shall not trade with France; and we say we will not trade with either, and therefore gratify both. The fallacy of this argument consists in the misstatement. France says you may trade with me, and I am anxious you should do so, but you shall not trade with G. Britain; we say we will not trade with you nor with G. Britain. Now, sir, is this yielding to the mandate, or gratifying the wish of France? Certainly not. G. Britain uses the same language, and meets with the same reply. Now I contend that we have neither yielded submission, nor gratified the wish of either; but have resisted the wishes and mandates of both; and I have no doubt that both are astonished at the honorable and dignified attitude we have assumed and hitherto persisted in.

But sir, the gentleman intimates, that the government of the U. S. has suspended a rod over the head of Great Britain, and asks, whether any American would negotiate with a rod suspended over his head? Let me answer, sir, if the gentleman's proposition is not submission; not indeed while the rod is suspended over our heads; but while it is applied with the most unrelenting severity to our backs? I was really

hurt, sir, to see that any gentleman could make an observation which would bear the most distant tint of any apology for Great Britain; and I cannot conceive how any gentleman can reconcile it to himself when he reflects upon the many outrages committed by Great Britain against the U. S. before even any attempt was made to do ourselves justice—and that these outrages were increased, in proportion to our patience under them.

[Speech to be continued.]

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, December 7.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

DEBATE

On the report in part of the committee to whom was referred so much of the president's message as relates to foreign relations.

[CONTINUED.]

(Mr. Quincy's Speech continued.)

The last assertion of the committee, in this most masterly page is, that "a partial repeal must, from the situation of Europe, necessarily be actual submission to one of the aggressors, and war with the other." In the name of common sense how can this be true? The trade to Sweden, to Spain, to China, are not now affected by the orders or decrees of either belligerent. How is it submission then, to these or to us, for us to trade to Gottenburgh, when neither France nor Great-Britain command, nor prohibit it? Of what consequence is it to us, in what way the Gottenburgh merchant disposes of our products, after he has paid us our price? I am not about to deny, that a trade to Gottenburgh, would defeat the purpose of coercing Great-Britain, through the want of our supplies. But I reason on the report upon its avowed principles. If gentlemen adhere to their system, as a mean of coercion, let the administration avow it as such, and support the system by arguments, such as their friends use every day on this floor. Let them avow as those friends do, that this is our mode of hostility against G. Britain. That it is better than "ball and gunpowder." Let them show that the means are adequate to the end. Let them exhibit to us beyond the term of all this suffering, a happy salvation, and a glorious victory, and the people may then submit to it, without murmur. But while administration support their system only as a municipal regulation, as a mean of safety and preservation, those who canvass their principle are not called upon to contest with them on ground, which not only they do not take, but which, officially they disavow. As partial repeal would not be submission to either, so also it would not be war with either. A trade to Sweden would not be war with G. Britain, that nation is her ally, and she permits it. Nor with France, though Sweden is her enemy, she does not prohibit it. Ah! but say the committee [page 13] "a measure which would supply exclusively one of the belligerents, would be war with the other." This is the state secret; this is the master key to the whole policy. You must not only do what the letter of these orders prohibits, but you must not sin against the spirit of them. The great purpose is to prevent your product from getting to our enemy, and to effect this you must not only so act, as to obey the terms of the decrees, but keeping the great purpose of them always in sight, you must extend their construction to cases, which they cannot by any rule of reason be made to include.

Sir, I have done with this report. I would not have submitted to the task of canvassing it, if gentlemen had not thrown the gauntlet with the air of sturdy defiance. I willingly leave to this house and the nation, to decide whether the position I took in the commencement of my argument is not maintained; that there is not one of the principal positions, contained in this twelfth page, the heart of this report, which is true, in the sense and to the extent assumed by the committee.

It was under these general impressions that I used the word "leathsome," which has so often been repeated. Sir, it may not have been a well chosen word. It was that which happened to come to hand first. I meant to express my disgust, at what appeared to me a mass of bold assumptions, and of ill cemented sophisms.

I said, also, that "the spirit which it breathed was disgraceful." Sir, I meant no reflection upon the committee. Honest men and wise men may mistake the character of the spirit, which they recommend, or by which they are actuated. When called upon to reason, concerning that, which by adoption, is to become identified with the national character, I am bound to speak of it as appears to my vision. I may be mistaken. Yet I ask the question—Is not the

spirit, which it breathes disgraceful? Is it not disgraceful to abandon the exercise of all our commercial rights, because our rivals interfere with a part—not only to refrain from exercising that trade, which they prohibit, but for fear of giving offence, to decline that which they permit? Is it not disgraceful, after inflammatory recapitulation of insults, and plunderings and burnings, and confiscations, and murders, and actual war made upon us, to talk of nothing but alternatives, of general declarations, of still longer suspension of our rights and retreating farther out of "harm's way"? If this course be adopted by my country, I am in error concerning its real character. But to my sense, this whole report is nothing else than a recommendation to us, of the abandonment of our essential rights and apologies for doing it.

Before I sit down, I feel myself compelled to notice some observations, which have been made in different parts of this house on the remarks, which at an early stage of this debate, I had the honor of submitting to its consideration. My honorable colleague (Mr. Bacon) was pleased to represent me as appealing to the people, ple over the heads of the whole government, against the authority of a law, which had not only the sanction of the legislative branches of the government, but also of the judiciary. Sir, I made no such appeal. I did not so much as threaten it. I admitted expressly, the binding authority of the law. But I claim a right which I ever will claim and ever will exercise, to urge on this floor, my opinion of the unconstitutionality of a law, and my reasons for that opinion, as a valid ground for its repeal. Sir; I will not only do this, I will do more. If a law be, in my apprehension, dangerous in its principles, ruinous in its consequences, above all, if it be unconstitutional, I will not fail in every fair and honorable way, to awaken the people to a sense of their peril; and to quicken them, by the exercise of their constitutional privileges, to vindicate themselves and posterity from ruin.

[Speech to be continued.]

BOSTON, December 27.

Latest from Europe.

By the arrival yesterday of the ship Mark and Abigail, captain Elliot, 50 days from Liverpool, we have received a regular file of the Courier to the 4th, and some other papers to the 5th November.

The "Pilot" of October 28th, contains the proceedings in Spain, of several public bodies, demonstrating their loyalty and attachment to the newly established government. "They afford a most satisfactory display of the universal zeal and devotion with which the authority of this much respected institution is recognized and obeyed. The council of Castile alone has qualified its recognition with some reservations to be explained on a future occasion. The council of Castile had, itself, formed some pretensions to the regency, but thought proper, on consideration, to take the oaths to the central Junta. The count de Florida Blanca, acting president of the Junta, however, in order to leave nothing unsettled, that may militate against the general tranquility, has invited the council to communicate its ideas fully to the Junta."

HOLLAND.

The same paper says "An embargo is reported to have taken place in the ports of Holland [We cannot here avoid remarking the similarity of proceedings in all countries under French influence] on the 20th of October.

"The relaxation of the present system of commercial restriction which took place a few weeks ago in Holland, has been followed by a new decree, more rigorous than that which preceded it. The following are the principal articles contained in it.

1. All exportation suspended until further orders.
2. The superintendence of the coast shall be divided into three districts. 1. From the Helder to the Island of Walcheren shall be commanded by gen. Dumonceau. 2. From the Helder to Harlingen, by admiral De Winter. 3. From Harlingen to the Jahde, by gen. Castanet.

III. The commanding generals shall be personally responsible for the execution of the existing measures, relating to the total shutting of the ports of the kingdom, the communication with the enemy, as well as for all those we may hereafter order. There shall be a daily report made by them to the minister, or immediately to the king; and they are required to give an account of the negligence or disinclination of the civil and military agents.

IV. All fishing boats shall be compelled to return to the place, from whence they sailed, and they shall not be admitted any

where else, even under the pretence they have received damage. If they be found to have any proofs of having communicated with the enemy on board, as strangers not belonging to their country, the least package of merchandise of kind, letters or newspapers, they shall come the property of the civil or military authorities, who assist in seizing them, soon as the legality of the seizure shall have been determined by the Judge, who shall pronounce a definitive sentence, in course of fifteen days at farthest.

V. All merchant vessels, whether bearing the Dutch or a foreign flag, which shall tempt to enter any part of the harbor roads in the above mentioned district, shall be warned off by boat, and apprised that they will be fired on, if they attempt to enter."

This decree which has not been received without symptoms of discontent, is said to be the result of an engagement entered between the two emperors at Erfurt. It has, it is said, mutually pledged themselves that none of the ports or places under their control shall be open to any commerce. The line of exclusion is to extend from St. Petersburg to Bayonne.

It is rumored that Alexander was personally inclined, but that Bonaparte was strong measures, and upbraided the first with a disposition to renounce the principle of the engagements he had entered into at Tilsit.

SPAIN.

The London Observer of Oct. 30th contains news from St. Andro to the 24th.

Gen. Blake had on the 14th pushed his vanguard corps as far as Emvra, in the mountains of Durango; and two large bodies of Spanish troops had, at the same time, crossed the Ebro, one in the neighborhood of Callaporra, the other at Logrono, to cut off the communication between the French division in Alvara and Navarra. These movements are calculated to produce important events.

General Merlin, who had been detached by marshal Ney to occupy Bilbao, with a force short of 5000 men, had been obliged to evacuate that place. He was pursued by the Spanish light troops as far as Mendara.

The messenger had arrived from Madrid with an answer from the Junta, authorizing the disembarkation of the British troops. The whole French army, including reinforcements, is stated at 43,000.

EXPECTED BATTLE.

The Courier of the 4th Nov. says that a letter of a late date from Spain, after describing the advantageous positions of the armies of Palafox and Blake, states, that they waited only the coming up of the centre army, under the command of Castanos, to commence a general attack upon the French army, with every prospect of the most complete success.

RUSSIAN FLEET ESCAPED.

It appears by the Courier of Nov. 25 that the Russian fleet had escaped from Rostock with the loss of one frigate, wrecked. The British fleet in consequence, retired.

GERMANY.

In consequence of the conference at Erfurt, Germany appears to be completely overawed, and has given assurances of pacific intentions, and has even consented to disarm and disband her new levies.

The case of sir John Mordaunt, which is one of the precedents for regulating the proceedings of the court of inquiry, about to be instituted with respect to the convention of Cintra, is fully detailed in the 5th vol. of Smollet's History of England.

All the French and Dutch troops having by this time, evacuated the Danish duchy of Holstein and Schleswick. In the end of September a contingent of the Dutch troops, escorted about 1000 Spanish officers and soldiers, as prisoners of war to the dungeons of Wesel; others were sent to Spandau. Never was treatment so extremely severe. They are locked up in their long and painful marches in churches and old buildings, and bread and water is their fare. The officers are quartered upon the citizens.

The emperor Alexander is measuring back his steps to St. Petersburg; and it will require no ordinary degree of courage to meet the looks of his people, after his journey of submission and degradation.

A private letter from Stockholm reports, that certain information has been received of the Empress being at the head of affairs in Russia; but the writer is not certain whether or not the Emperor has made or sanctioned the appointment.

Admiral Apolaga is appointed the regular

representative of the supreme government of Spain to the British court.

SCOTCH MANUFACTURES.

Trade is remarkably great, that all the calendar day and night, dressing market.

This has been the state of the cotton manufactures for these years. Cotton yarns, spun at 10 per cent. In the most of the American demands, good.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 1.

On Thursday last the gentlemen of Alexandria of the Circuit Court of Columbia a splendid Entertainment at the Hotel, as a tribute to their diligent, intelligent administration of justice. The dinner was the provision was profuse with all the luxuries of the table. The general character of the citizens—The general character of the citizens—the greatest credit to the judgment of Mr. C.—A few toasts were drawn evening was spent in the memory.

1. The United States.
2. The President of the United States.
3. The Heads of Departments.
4. The Congress of the United States.
5. The Judiciary of the United States.

6. The Sons of God.

7. The memory of George Washington.

8. The People of the United States.

9. Peace, and "smiling in the train."

10. Agriculture and Commerce.

11. Success to Domestic Industry.

12. The Navy and Army.

13. The Militia of the United States.

14. The memory of George Washington.

15. The Supreme Junta of the United States.

16. The memory of Patrick Henry.

17. The FAIR—The creative nature.

18. The memory of George Washington.

19. The memory of George Washington.

20. The memory of George Washington.

21. The memory of George Washington.

22. The memory of George Washington.

23. The memory of George Washington.

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39. The memory of George Washington.

40. The memory of George Washington.

representative of the supreme government of Spain to the British court.

SCOTCH MANUFACTURES.

Trade is remarkably brisk at Glasgow. The demands for the West Indies are so great, that all the calendars are kept going day and night, dressing the goods for that market.

This has been the state of the Glasgow manufactories for these two months past. Cotton yarns, spun at the mills are up 70 per cent. In the most flourishing period of the American demands, trade never was so good.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 3.

On Thursday last the Jurors and other gentlemen of Alexandria gave the Judges of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia a splendid Entertainment at Mr. Caton's Hotel, as a tribute of respect for their diligent, intelligent, and impartial administration of justice during the present term. The dinner was set with great taste, the provision was profuse, and abounded with all the luxuries of the season. Mr. Caton deserves the highest praise and the most liberal encouragement of his fellow-citizens. The general satisfaction given reflects the greatest credit on the taste and judgment of Mr. C.—After dinner the following toasts were drank—the rest of the evening was spent in the most perfect harmony.

1. The United States of America—The asylum of oppressed humanity.
2. The President of the United States, elected and elect.
3. The Heads of Departments.
4. The Congress of the United States.
5. The Judiciary of the U. States, distinguished for wisdom virtue and independence.
6. The Sons of Columbia—May they ever emulate the virtues of the Patriots of '76.
7. The memory of Gen. George Washington—
Let others hail the rising Sun:
We bow to that whose race is run.
8. The People of the District of Columbia, excluded from legislation, yet obedient to the laws.
9. Peace, and "smiling plenty following in the train."
10. Agriculture and Commerce, mutually dependent.
11. Success to Domestic Manufactures.
12. The Navy and Army of the United States.
13. The Militia of the United States for the first moments of war, till supplied by regulars.
14. The memory of Commodore Preble and the heroes that fell before Tripoli, their valor was seldom equalled and never excelled.
15. The Supreme Junta's of Seville, devoted to their country's cause, Liberty is their object—May it ever be their possession.
16. The memory of Patrick Henry, the Virginia Patriot—all nature was tributary to his eloquence.
17. The FAIR—The brightest effort of creative nature.

After the Judges retired.
Judges Cranch, Fitzhugh & Duckett—in the discharge of their Judicial functions, diligent, intelligent, and independent.

VOLUNTEERS.

By the President.
The Judiciary—a verdict in their favor by the Jurors over whom they preside, the best evidence of their decisions in equity.
By the Vice-President.
James Madison, Esq. the President of the United States elect—May his virtue and wisdom dispel the clouds which surround our horizon and point to measures promotive of his country's good.

By Mr. John Young.
The Land we live in—May no honest heart it has or may produce ever feel distress.

The legislature of Ohio has appointed Return J. Meigs, jun., a Senator in the Congress of the United States, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of John Smith, and also to represent that state in that body, for the six years succeeding the 4th of March next.

We learn, that Samuel Maclay, of the county of Northumberland, has resigned his seat in the Senate of the United States, and that the Governor of this state has appointed him Surveyor General of Pennsylvania, in the room of Samuel Cochran, resigned.

[Poulson.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, December 26, 1808.

SIR, I HAVE the honor to transmit herewith a statement of goods, wares and merchandize exported from the United States nominally during the year prior to the first day of Oct. 1808; but in fact, during the three last months of the year 1807, subsequent exportations having been prevented by the embargo.

The goods, wares, and merchandize of domestic growth or manufacture, included in the statements are estimated

And those of foreign growth and manufacture at	\$9,433,546
	12,909,414
Amounting together to	22,430,960

The articles of domestic growth or manufacture may be arranged under the following heads, viz:

Produce of the Sea,	832,000
Forest,	1,399,000
Agriculture,	6,746,000
Manufactures,	344,000
Uncertain,	112,000
	9,433,000

I have the honor to be,
With great respect, sir,
Your obedient servant,
ALBERT GALLATIN.
The hon. the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

From the Freeman's Journal.

ONCE FOR ALL.

We understand perfectly the policy of the administration. If the embargo and non-intercourse system shall fail to accomplish its purposes, it contemplates peace with France and war with Great Britain.

Upon the subject of the embargo, we repeat without hesitation, that, before the different branches of the government separate next March, a little tub will be thrown out to the great whale, POPULARITY.

The following official documents confirm the late account of Ferrand's death at St. Domingo. The French privateer, which arrived at Norfolk and contradicted the accounts of French disasters at St. Domingo, turns out to be herself an impostor; a morning paper states that she is not lately from that island; but has been hovering on our coast after nothing honorable. She put into Norfolk in distress, probably chased in; and fabricated the story lately circulated.

ARMY OF ST. DOMINGO.

GENERAL STAFF.

Head Quarters St. Domingo, 11th Nov. 1808.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The general in chief is no more, he fell a victim to his blind confidence. Let us pay to his memory the just tribute of tears and praise which we owe him. But let not grief enervate our souls: I do not conceal from you your danger, it is worthy of your courage. Preserve the attitude you have taken—Providence and the genius of France hover over us. Let us hope every thing—nothing is impossible to a firm and decided will.

(Signed)

BARQUIER.

The aid-de-camp, chief of a squadron, performing the functions of chief of the staff,

(Signed)

FILLEUL.

Brigadier general Barquier is naturally called to succeed general Ferrand and accordingly he takes the command in chief of the army and the reigns of administration. The present orders of the day shall be read to the troops, assembled during the day, in their respective quarters.

The aid de camp, chief of squadron, performing the functions of chief of the staff,

(Signed)

FILLEUL.

[Translated for the American.]

HAVANNA, Dec. 10.

By an express dispatched by the Governor of the city of St. Jago de Cuba, and who arrived here on the 8th instant, news has been received relating to the island of St. Domingo, and whereof the following is an extract.

CUBA, 25th Nov.

Six or seven hundred men, emigrants from Porto Rico, under the command of Don Ramon de Castro, disembarked at Comba (river of Higney) or somewhere lower down, and immediately the inhabitants of the villages to the eastward assembled, the greater part of them mounted and armed with pikes: Gen. Ferrand, having

been informed of the movements in that quarter, sallied out from St. Domingo with 600 men, 400 of whom were the best of his troops, supposing that his presence and forces would quiet these people already encamped between Romana and Ouisbon;—yet he was vastly mistaken, for hardly had our troops got sight of the French when they began a skirmishing, so as to entice them to fire, which they did, but before they could load again the horse and pikemen attacked them with such fury on all sides, that their column was quickly thrown into disorder, rendering an escape impracticable: the encounter took place three leagues to windward of the said river Romano, distant 28 or 30 leagues to the eastward of the capital: the Spaniards pursued General Ferrand unto the aforesaid river; but he, after having crossed the same with his remaining officers, finding himself without a soldier and considering himself as a lost man, blew out his brains by a pistol shot, which deed, his Aid-de-Camps, who foresaw his intention, were unable to prevent. The battle was fought on the 7th or 8th instant, and only 13 men escaped in so long a retreat: on the 19th the city was besieged by land, and the inhabitants of the north and south, after having arrested those chiefs, who had conducted themselves a la mode Napoleon, repaired to the siege: the blockading squadron consists of an English ship of the line, two frigates and a brig, and a Porto Rico schooner of 12 guns.

No person in the city has been allowed to write, but the captain of a flag of truce who sailed hence thither, and was present at the sortie of Ferrand, the result thereof, the situation the place remained in, and who was boarded by the English on his coming out entered this port the day before yesterday, after three days passage, gave this information in conjunction with some sailors, stating that General Du Barquier, a subaltern of Ferrand, who remained in the city, has made overtures to this government, and in his letter attributes to himself the titles of Ferrand. Effectually the Brigade General Barquier, second in command to Ferrand, styles himself like the latter, to wit: commander in chief, Administrator and Captain General.

Extract of a letter from St. Domingo, dated the 25th of November.

"The governor of Porto Rico, after several fruitless attempts, has at length succeeded in stirring up the Spaniards in St. Domingo—During the month of October, some insurrections formed in the interior of the island had been speedily dispersed; but during the first day of November, four hundred Spaniards from Porto Rico, having landed in the east of the island, the inhabitants joined them and formed a corps of about four or five thousand men. General Ferrand at the head of the Spanish militia, and a detachment of French troops, marched against those insurgents, but in the moment of action, having been abandoned by the Spaniards, he fell as most part of the French who had accompanied him, a victim to the confidence he had put in the people to whose happiness he had devoted his life, and to whom fanaticism has stirred up against their own interest. Gen. Barquier succeeds in command.

At this moment it is hoped that the Spaniards of the interior understand their own interest and that tranquility will be restored in this island."

TO LET,

THAT eligible stand for business lately occupied by Mr. Charles Bennett, at the corner of King and Fairfax-streets.

R. I. TAYLOR.

Executor of John Watts.

Jan. 2.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore carried on by the subscribers under the firm of Jamieson and Anderson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent: ALL PERSONS having claims against the late concern, will bring them in without delay for settlement; and those who are indebted to them will please come forward and settle the same.

Andrew Jamieson

FOR SELF AND

John Jamieson,

Robert Anderson.

January 2.

31*

JOHN R. COOKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

INTENDING to practice in the superior and inferior courts of Berkeley county, Virginia; tenders his professional services to merchants and others in Alexandria, having claims upon persons resident in that county.

Martinsburgh, Dec. 12

Jan 4t

Public Sale.

ON SATURDAY NEXT,

At 11 o'clock, will be sold, on the premises, A House, and lot of Ground, SITUATED on the lower end of Fairfax-street, adjoining captain Roberts's property. Terms will be made known at the place of sale.

PHILIP C. MARSTELLER.

January 3

4t

Fishing-Shore to Rent.

THE Mount-Vernon FISHING-SHORE, together with the Striking-Lugs, to rent for the next season or for a longer time if desired.

Bushrod Washington.

January 3.

24wom

EDUCATION.

THE REV. DR. O'BRIEN,

PROPOSES to open an ACADEMY in this place, for the purpose of teaching twenty young gentlemen (should so many offer) the Polite Arts and Sciences: he will instruct them in the various Languages, to wit, Latin, Greek, French, Italian, &c. and in Hebrew if required.

He will also teach Geography with the use of the Globes—the Mathematics—Logic—Rhetoric and Natural Philosophy: Application to be made at Mr. James Bacon's, King-street.

January 3.

d

Was taken up a drift,

IN the Potomac River, by the sch'r. The-tis, Capt. Demison, from Georgia, A VESSEL'S LONG BOAT. The owner may have her on proving property and paying charges, by applying to

Abel Willis.

Who has received per sch'r The-tis, a quantity of nice fresh Oranges.

January 3.

d at.

WASHINGTON TAVERN, LEESBURG.

THE subscriber has returned to the Washington Tavern, Leesburg, where he is prepared with every thing necessary for the accommodation of those gentlemen and ladies who may honor him with their custom.

Having laid in a good stock of liquors, hay and oats, and having enlarged his stables, and engaged a careful, attentive and honest hostler, he flatters himself that, by his unremitting attention, together with the diligence, care, and activity of his servants, he will be able to render his customers the most perfect satisfaction in his line.

A. B. The house is in much better condition than formerly, for the accommodation of travellers.

James Dawson.

Leesburg, Virginia, Jan. 1—3.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the Directors of the Little River Turnpike Road Company, will meet at Fairfax Court House, on the third Monday in the present month, to receive proposals for forming and paving the road, from the end of the twenty miles already paved to the Gum Spring Road, a distance of about six miles—the road to be made in a convex form, fifty six feet wide, no part of the road to be more than five degrees elevation, with sufficient ditches, and tunnels made of stone in all parts of the road where necessary, speedily to carry off the water. Twenty feet in width of the road, to be paved with stone, nine inches in depth, on such parts of the road as pass over firm, solid ground, and not less than twelve inches in depth in such parts as pass over moist or made ground, the stone to be broken so small as to pass through a ring of not more than three inches diameter, and covered with gravel, sand or clay; the road to be completed in the course of the present year, the undertaker to be paid for each quarter of a mile when that distance shall be completed and received by the Directors.

The Directors will at the same time and place receive proposals for keeping the road already made in repair for twelve months.

The proposals to be made in writing specifying the distance and part of the road, composed to be made or kept in repair, and the sum per mile for which it will be undertaken.

Bond and security will be required of the undertakers for the performance of the contracts.

Chs. Simms,

Phineas Janney,

Chs. F. Mercer,

Directors.

1808.

Jan. 3.

2000 SPANISH HIDES,
Muscovado Sugar in hhds. and bbls,
Clayed do. in boxes
Coffee in bbls. and bags
Old London Particular, and Market Madeira
Wine, in pipes and half pipes.
Catalonia do. in qr. casks,
Castile Soap in boxes,
A few tons of Logwood,
FOR SALE BY
Nath. Wattles, & Co.
SALT AFLOAT.
2000 bushels Isle May SALT,
FOR SALE, BY
Lawson and Fowle.
ALSO,
Landing from Schooner Elizabeth, Captain
Newcomb, from Boston.

FOR SALE,
NEGRO HARRY;
Tall, and young, about 22 years old—He is
sold for being impertinent—He can take
care of horses, drive a dray, plow or wait—
B. DULANY.
Dec. 24. dlf

Marine Insurance Company of A-
lexandria.

INSURANCE-OFFICE, 19th Dec. 1803.
THE Stockholders in this institution are
herby notified, that an election of fif-
teen directors, will be held at the court house
in Alexandria on Saturday the fourteenth day
January next, ensuing.
By order,

J. B. Nickolls, Sec'y.
Sawtish Jan.
Mr. Green of Fredericksburg and Mr.
Davis of Richmond, will insert the above
advertisement in their respective papers,
once a week till the 14th January.

Horse Shoeing Warranted.
THOMAS WHITE, JUN.
Blacksmith and Farrier,
ACQUAINTS his customers and the pub-
lic in general, that he has opened a shop
at the lower end of Union street, adjoining
Mr. John Hunter's ship yard, for the purpose
of shoeing horses, in which line his abilities
needs no comment—and begs leave to solicit
a share of the patronage of a generous public,
and to assure them that any work in the line
of his profession, shall not be surpassed by any
on the continent.

Blacksmith work of all kinds and description
executed in a neat and workmanlike manner
N. B. Those who favor him with their cus-
tom will have the advantage of receiving his
advice and attention in farriery gratis.
A couple of smart Lads, from 14 to
16 years of age, will be taken as apprentices
and treated with kindness, and strict attention
aid to their morals.
September 5. dlm2aw3m

ORPHANS' COURT,
Alexandria County, Nov. Term, 1808.
ORDERED,
THAT the executors of James Russell, de-
ceased, insert the following advertisement in
the Alexandria Gazette, three times a week
for eight weeks.
ALEX. MOORE, Register.

This is to give Notice,
THAT the subscribers have obtained from
the Orphans' Court of Alexandria City,
in the district of Columbia, letters testa-
mentary on the estate of James Russell, late of the
County aforesaid, Merchant, dec'd. All per-
sons having claims against the said deceased,
are hereby warned to exhibit the same with
the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or
before the 4th day of May next, or they may
by law be excluded from all benefit to said
estate, and those indebted thereto are requir-
ed to make immediate payment
Given under our hands this 4th day of No-
vember 1808.

James H. Hooe.
Trueman Brafhears.
Executors of James Russell.
November 4. oos

NOTICE.
The subscriber cautions all those whom
it may concern, from purchasing SAND-
MUD, or STONE, from JOSHUA
BROWN, now in possession of Jones's
Point; as he has no other title to the prop-
erty than that which he derives from pos-
session obtained by knavery and retained by
perjury.

John R. Cooke.
December 7. oaw6w

Joseph Mandeville,
OWNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,
ALEXANDRIA:
Has received a considerable ad-
dition to his Stock,
AND OFFERS FOR SALE,
20 hogsheads, } 1st and 2d quality
20 barrels } Muscovado Sugars.
7000 lb. Green Coffee
3 1-2 tons British Patent Shot, asserted
BB to No. 9.
10 bales Cotton.
10 casks first quality Goshen Cheese.
40 boxes Mould Candles.
15 bags clean heavy Pepper.
20 lb. Nutmegs.
casks London refined Saltpetre.
5 ditto Irish Glue.
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hy-
son, Hyson Skin, and Padre Souchong Teas,
in quarter chests, boxes and canisters—most
of which are equal in quality to any ever im-
ported.
Madeira, Port, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Te-
neriffe, and Malaga Wines.
A few cases Medoc Claret.
Jamaica, Windward-Island, and Northern
Rum.
Cognac, Bordeaux and Pech Brandy.
Holland and Country Gin.
Irish and Country Whiskey.
Six hogsheads Cherry Bounce.
Retailing Molasses, Havanna P. may.
Wine and Cider Vinogar.
Best Florence Oil in bottles and flasks.
Loaf and Lump Sugars, Chocolate, Rice,
Pearl & Common Barley, Basket Salt, Starch
Fig Blue, Indigo, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Pi-
mento, Race and Ground Ginger, Cayenna
Pepper, Capers, Mustard, Raisins, Almonds,
Currants, Maider, Allum, Copperas, Roll
Brimstone, Chalk, British and Brandywine
Gunpowder, Spanish Segars, Cavendish and
Small Twist Chewing Tobacco, Leiper's
Garrett's, and Hamilton's Snuff, Writing and
Wrapping Paper, Playing Cards, Red Cards,
Leading Lines, &c. &c.
October 18. d

PROPOSALS
OR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
A NEW WORK,
ENTITLED,
THE MANUAL
OF THE
FRENCH AND ENGLISH STUDENT
OR A
NEW AND COMPLETE
DICTIONARY
OF
THE FRENCH AND ENGLISH LANGUAGES.
IN TWO PARTS:
1. French to English—2. English to French
CONTAINING,
1. All the words in general use, occasion-
ally illustrated by French and English
sentences.
2. An extensive collection of new words
in every art, science and trade.
3. The pronunciation of every word, ac-
cording to the most polite usage in
France and England.
4. A copious vocabulary of sea terms and
phrases.
5. A dictionary of French synonyms.
6. A dictionary of French homonyms.
7. An alphabetical list of the most familiar
proper and christian names, and of the
most remarkable places in the world.
8. The difficulties of the French language
alphabetically arranged.
9. A complete treatise on French poetry.
10. The chief English idioms.
11. A treatise on the English particles, &c.
The whole carefully compiled from the best
writers, and particularly from the Dictionaries
of the French Academy, Boiste, Ferand, Ca-
neau, Wailly, Tocquot, Nugent, Chambaud,
Boyer, Johnson, Walker, &c.

By N. G. DUFIEF,
Author of *Nature Displayed in her mode of*
teaching language to man, applied to the
French language, &c.
The first book of a nation is the dictionary
of their own language.

VOLNEY.
I. It shall be printed on fine paper, in two
handsome large 12mo volumes, upon a
beautiful type, called nonpareil, cast for
the purpose, by Messrs. Binney and Ro-
naldson. This type, although small, is, by
its neatness and elegance, extremely grate-
ful to the eyes. The work will issue from
the press of T. and G. Palmer, who have
already been so eminently distinguished by
the greatest accuracy and taste in their
profession, and a thorough knowledge of
the French and English languages.
II. Price, to subscribers, for the two volumes
in boards, neatly lettered, five dollars, to be
paid on the delivery of the whole work. By
gentlemen, however, wishing to have the
first volume before the second, it may be
received upon paying the full amount of
the subscription for both volumes.
Subscriptions received by R.
GRAY.

Valuable Family Medicines.
The following well known Line Medicines,
from Hannah Lee's Patent Medicine store,
New York, are constantly kept for sale by
James Kennady, sen.
BOOKSELLER, KING-STREET,
And no where else in Alexandria.
Prevention better than Cure.

FOR the prevention and cure of *Bilious*
and *Malignant Fevers*, is recommended
HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS, prepar-
ed (only) at Lee's Patent Medicine store, No.
16 Maiden lane.
This medicine has, for nine years past, been
attended with a degree of success highly grate-
ful to the inventor's feelings, in several parts
of the West Indies, and the southern states,
particularly in Baltimore, Petersburg, Rich-
mond, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charles-
ton and Savannah. The testimony of a num-
ber of persons in each of the above places has
been adduced, who have reason to believe
that a timely use of this salutary remedy has,
under Providence, preserved their lives when
in the most alarming circumstances.
Facts of this conclusive nature, speak
more in favor of a medicine than columns of
pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion
could do.
It is not indeed presumptuously proposed
as an infallible cure, but the inventor has ex-
tensive experience, for believing that a dose
of these pills, taken once every two weeks,
during the prevalence of our bilious fevers,
will prove an infallible preventive—and fur-
ther, that in the early stages of these disor-
ders, their use will very generally succeed in
restoring health, and frequently in cases es-
teemed desperate, and beyond the power of
common remedies.
The operation of these pills is perfectly
mild, so as to be used with safety by persons
in every situation, and of every age.
They are excellently adapted to carry off
superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid ex-
cretions—to restore and amend the appetite,
produce a free perspiration, and thereby
prevent colds, which are often of fatal con-
sequences. A dose never fails to remove a
cold, if taken on its first appearance. They
are celebrated for removing habitual consti-
pation, sickness at the stomach and a severe
head ache, and ought to be taken by all per-
sons on a change of climate.
They have been found remarkably effica-
cious in preventing and curing disorders at-
tendant on long voyages, and should be pre-
served, and carefully preserved by every sea-
man.

From one to three or four of the pills are a
dose which may be repeated as circumstan-
ces require.
In sickly times or places, a dose should be
taken every fortnight, and if there is reason
to apprehend personal danger, it may be tak-
en once a week.
Certificate of Mr. Wm. Devenney.
During the last nine years, I have been in
the habit of using Hahn's Antibilious Pills,
prepared by the late Mr. Lee, whenever colds,
headache, or costiveness have rendered me
unfit for duty; in these cases a single dose
has uniformly removed my headache, and has
generally been found sufficient to remove ev-
ery symptom of a cold if taken on its first ap-
pearance. Induced by the benefit received, I
have for years past recommended them to ma-
ny of my friends, and I have the pleasure to
inform you, they have invariably succeeded in
removing the above complaints.
Yours, &c. WM. DEVENNEY,
No. 145, Cherry street, New York.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative.
Recommended as an invaluable Medicine,
for the speedy relief, and permanent cure of
the various complaints which result from dis-
sipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, re-
sidence in climates unfavorable to the consti-
tution, the immoderate use of tea, frequent
intoxication or any destructive intemperance,
the unskilful or destructive use of mercury,
the diseases peculiar to females, at a certain
period of life, bad layings in, &c. &c.
And is proved by long and extensive expe-
rience to be absolutely unparalleled in the
cure of nervous disorders, consumptions and
lowness of spirits, loss of appetite, impurity
of the blood, hysterical affections, inward
weakness, violent cramps in the stomach and
back, indigestion, melancholy, gout in the
stomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, in-
voluntary emissions, seminal weakness, ob-
stinate gleet, fluor albus, or whites, impo-
tency, barrenness, &c. &c.
Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lo-
zenges.
Which there is reason to believe, have,
within eight years past cured upwards of two
HUNDRED THOUSAND persons of both sexes,
of every age, and in every situation, of various
dangerous complaints arising from WORMS
and from obstructions or foulness in the stom-
ach and bowels.

Hamilton's Elixir,
For Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, Sore Throat
and approaching Consumptions,
Baltimore, July 28, 1808.

TO LET,
The HOUSE on Prince-street, lately oc-
cupied by John Watts, deceased.
FOR SALE,
1 Share Pennsylvania Copper Mine Stock
R. L. Taylor Esqr
September 24.

GERMAN CORN PLASTER.
An infallible remedy for Corns, specifically
moving them root and branch without pain.
The Genuine Persian Lotion.
The Restorative Powder for the
Teeth and Gums.
Hahn's Genuine Eye Water.
A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the
eyes.
ITCH OINTMENT,
Warranted to cure by once using, and to
be free from Mercury or any pernicious or
fensive ingredient, &c. may with perfect sa-
fety be applied to the youngest infant.
Hannah Lee, Patent Medicine Store,
New York, Sept. 10, 1808.

ALSO,
The following new and valuable Medicine, re-
ceived and for sale as above.
(Price, Two Dollars per bottle.)
Dr. Tissot's celebrated Gout and Rheu-
matic Drops.

NOTHING is of more importance than
the preservation of health—this common place
remark however is too often forgotten, and
whilst we are active and strong—and pre-
vention of pain, which is superior to its cure,
is not sufficiently attended to by any descrip-
tion of persons. Among those disorders which
require the most early and unremitting efforts
to eradicate and overcome, none have a stronger
claim upon our notice than the Gout, Rheu-
matism, Lumbago, Weakness of the Joints,
Sprains, Clefts, the Stone and Gravel, the
Cramp and every species of Rheumatic Pain
from whatever cause they may have origi-
nated—and hence every relief which can be
ministered is too valuable to be forgotten.
Those persons whose avocations peculiarly ex-
pose them to colds, &c. cannot be too anx-
ious to possess immediate aid. Sea-faring
persons, travellers, &c. ought constantly to
carry with them that medicine which will
counteract the unpleasant effects of their un-
pleasant duties, and especially those pains to which
their situation must expose them. To those
who reside in or visit the West-Indies, or
other warm climates, they will be found use-
ful to convey the most lasting service, as
they will gradually destroy all tendency to disease
in the human frame, and preserve health and
vigor. Although a great variety of prescrip-
tions have been published to cure the disor-
ders enumerated above, none has yet equalled
the GOUT AND RHEUMATIC DROPS,
DR. TISSOT, which are celebrated through-
out the European continent, and whose as-
sured benefits are fully authenticated by
certificates already published of gentlemen
well known in America, being of the first con-
sequence in the state of Maryland: General
Charles Ridgely, of Hampton; John Gibson
Esq. one of the directors of the Farmers' Bank
of Maryland; John Macubbin, Esq. Mrs. Ma-
cubbin, his wife; and Mrs. Ryan, of Calverton.
Certificate of Mr. Thomas Kelso, butcher.
About three weeks since I was most vio-
lently attacked with Rheumatic pains, through-
out my whole frame, in so severe a manner as to
be able to turn in my bed without assistance
proceeding as I suppose from a severe cold
to being advised by a friend to apply Dr. Ti-
sot's Gout and Rheumatic Drops, I accom-
plished obtained from the agents Messrs. George
Dobbin and Murphy, two bottles, the appli-
cation of which, under God, have perfectly re-
stored me to health. I am therefore induced
with confidence to recommend this medicine
as a certain cure for the above disorder.
THOMAS KELSO,
Baltimore, July 22d, 1806.

Certificate of Mr. Thomas Campbell, Farmer
maker
It would be an act of injustice to withhold
my testimony of the salutary effects of Doctor
Tissot's Gout and Rheumatic Drops, as I have
experienced a very unequivocal instance of
their virtues and efficacy. I was afflicted with
two severe attacks of what is usually called
Dead Palsy, from which I partially recovered,
but was obliged to use crutches to aid me in
walking when I left home; to this were joined
violent Rheumatic pains, the result of the
affliction, and I had feared the disorder would
accompany me through life; but providentially
was recommended to apply to George Do-
bbin and Murphy's for Dr. Tissot's Drops, and
after using only one bottle, found myself per-
fectly liberated from my disorder, and am now
thank God, as free from pain as if I never had
been afflicted. Finding this medicine operat-
ing so powerfully on myself, I determined to ap-
ply it internally to my child, a boy only eleven
months old, who was then reduced almost to
a skeleton with the Bowel Complaint; and
administering it four times to him, his com-
plaint was entirely removed, and he is now re-
covering his strength with great rapidity.
TH. CAMPBELL,
Baltimore, July 28, 1808.

TO LET,
The HOUSE on Prince-street, lately oc-
cupied by John Watts, deceased.
FOR SALE,
1 Share Pennsylvania Copper Mine Stock
R. L. Taylor Esqr
September 24.

VOL IX.]
Sales at Vendue
On every Tuesday
WILL BE SO
At the Vendue Store, cor-
Water street
A Variety of Dry Goods,
Particulars of which will
the bills of the day—All
which are on limitation a
which are established, can
viewed and purchased at the
and prices.
P. G. Marst
Cotton and S
Have just published
ALMANAC for
Containing a great deal of
winning matter. For sale b
gross, or single one.
They will publish, with all
A new Novel, by Mrs.
Miss Gunning) entitled
The Exile of
October 6.

Just Publish
For sale at the Subscriber
THE LAWY
OR,
Man as he ought
Neatly bound in boards, and
one dollar.

ALMANAC
For the year 1809, by the
single one.

Just Receive
A large supply of PLAYI
WRAPPING PAPER.
Dr. Ree's Cyclo
No. 16, is received, and No
a few days.
Subscribers are earnestly re-
for their copies, especially t
received but a few numbers:
to pay for one or two numbers
to pay for ten or fifteen.
ROBI

NOTIC
THE Subscriber proposes
ick and Surgery, for which
opened a Shop on the north s
between Washington and St
if he should at any time not
he will be found at his Fath
street, who will in his abse
who may please to call on hi
Archibald
December 8.

City Tavern a
ALEXANDRIA
AT THE SIGN OF THE

WILLIAM C.
From the City of Annapolis
RESPECTFULLY info
and the PUBLIC in gen
taken that justly celebrated I
called THE CITY TAVER
lately in the possession of M
He hopes, by assiduity and
the greatest satisfaction to
no exertions on his part sl
keep up the high characte
vern has, as being one of th
on: and assures them tha
have an assortment of the
good waiters.
Travellers and others wil
accommodations at the abov
pleasure terms.
Boarders are taken by
month or year.
The papers from a
the continent are regularly
the Coffee-House, adjoining
are for the use of strangers.
Suppers can be had
of clock in the evening, a
from one to twenty.
November 15.

NOTIC
LOST or MISLAID,
for three Shares in the Ca
Little River Turnpike Co
310, 311, and 312, issue
renewal of which applicati
the President and Director
ny on the 20th day of Janu
Richard
December 13.